

Conforms to HazCom 2012/United States

SAFETY DATA SHEET





Littora®

Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: Littora [®] Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide
Other means of identification	: EPA Registration Number 67690-53
Supplier's details	: SePRO Corporation 11550 North Meridian Street Suite 600 Carmel, IN 46032 U.S.A. Tel: 317-580-8282 Toll free: 1-800-419-7779 Fax: 317-580-8290 Monday - Friday, 8am to 5pm <u>E.S.T.</u> <u>www.sepro.com</u>

Emergency telephone : INFOTRAC - 24-hour service 1-800-535-5053

The following recommendations for exposure controls and personal protection are intended for the manufacture, formulation and packaging of this product. For applications and/or use, consult the product label. The label directions supersede the text of this Safety Data Sheet for application and/or use.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard Classification:				
Acute Oral Toxicity:	Category 4			
Acute Dermal Toxicity:	Category 4			
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Acute Inhalation Toxicity:Category 2Acute Aquatic Toxicity:Category 4

Signal Word:

Hazard Statements:

Toxic by inhalation. Irritating to eyes and skin. Harmful if swallowed.

Hazard Pictograms:



Caution

Precautionary Statements: Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing spray mist. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling before eating, drinking, chewing gum, or using tobacco. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wear protective eyeware. Wear long-sleeved shirt, long pants, socks, shoes and gloves.

Description of Hazards not Otherwise Classified: This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates.



Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Hazardous Component Name	<u>CAS No.</u>	Average % by Weight
Diquat dibromide	85-00-7	37.3%

Section 4. First aid measures

General information:

When possible, have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment.

If inhaled:

- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferable by mouth-to-mouth if possible.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for future treatment advice.

If swallowed:

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

If in eyes:

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15-20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

Notes to Physician:

To be effective, treatment for ingestion of the product must begin IMMEDIATELY. Treatment consists of binding the active ingredient, diquat, in the gut with suspensions of activated charcoal or bentonite clay, administration of cathartics to enhance elimination and removal of diquat from the blood by charcoal hemoperfusion or continuous hemodialysis.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Fire Extinguishing Equipment:

Use dry chemical, foam or CO₂ extinguishing media. Wear full protective clothing and self contained breathing apparatus.

Fire and Explosion Hazards:

This product may form flammable and explosive hydrogen gas when in contact with aluminum. During a fire, irritating and possibly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Flammable hydrogen gas may be formed on contact with aluminum. See "Conditions to Avoid", Section 10. May decompose at high temperatures forming toxic gases.

PPE for firefighters/fire fighting instructions:

Evacuate nonessential personnel from the area to prevent human exposure to fire, smoke, fumes or products of combustion. Prevent use of contaminated buildings, area, and equipment until decontaminated. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. If water is used to fight fire, dike and collect runoff.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal Precautions:

Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove personal protective equipment immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.

Methods for Cleaning Up:

Control the spill at its source. Contain the spill to prevent from spreading or contaminated soil or from entering sewage and drainage systems or any body of water. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions outlined in Section 8. Cover entire spill with absorbing material and place into compatible disposal container. Scrub area with hard water detergent (e.g. commercial products such as Tide, Joy, Spic and Span). Pick up wash liquid with additional absorbent and place into compatible disposal container, seal container and arrange for disposition.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Handling Procedures:

This product reacts with aluminum to produce flammable hydrogen gas. Do not mix or store in containers or systems made of aluminum or having aluminum fittings.

Storing Procedures:

Store the material in well-ventilated, secure area out of reach of children and domestic animals. Do not store food, beverages or tobacco products in the storage area. Prevent eating, drinking, tobacco use, and cosmetic application in areas where there is a potential for exposure to the material. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Work/Hygienic Procedures:

Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet. Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing. Remove personal protective equipment immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Exposure Limits:

OSHA PELNot establishedACGIH TLV0.5 mg/m³ TWA (total No dust); 0.08 mg/m³ TWA (respirable dust)NIOSH TWA0.5 mg/m³

Engineering Controls:

Mixers and loaders supporting aerial applications are required to use closed systems that provide dermal protection. The closed system must be used in a manner that meets the requirements listed in the Worker Protection Standard (WPS) for agricultural pesticides [40 CFR 170.240(d)(4)]. When using the closed system, mixers and loaders PPE requirements may be reduced or modified as specified in the WPS.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Eye Protection	Use splash-proof goggles if needed to prevent liquid from getting into the eyes.
Ingestion	Prevent eating, drinking, tobacco usage and cosmetic application in areas where there is a potential
U	for exposure the material. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.
Skin Protection	Where contact is likely, wear chemical-resistant gloves (such as barrier laminate, butyl rubber, nitrile
	rubber, neoprene rubber, natural rubber, polyvinyl chloride [PVC] or Viton), coveralls, socks and
	chemical-resistant footwear. For overhead exposure, wear chemical-resistant headgear.
Inhalation	A respirator is not normally required when handling this substance. Use effective engineering controls
	to comply with occupational exposure limits.



Littora

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Dark brown li
Odor	Odorless
рН	4 - 6
Specific Gravity	1.2 g/mL at 2
Melting Point	Not Applicabl
Water solubility	718,000 mg/L
Vapor Pressure	<10 ⁻⁸ mmHg
Flash point	Not Applicabl
Flammable Limits (% in Air)	Not Applicabl
Autoignition Temperature	Not Applicabl
Flammability	Not Applicabl

Dark brown liquid Doorless - 6 .2 g/mL at 20°C Not Applicable '18,000 mg/L at 25°C and pH 7.2 (Diquat dibromide) '10⁻⁸ mmHg at 25°C (Diquat dibromide) Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable Not Applicable

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to Avoid	Concentrate should not be stored in aluminum containers. Spray solutions should not be mixed, stored or applied in containers other than plastic, plastic-lined steel, stainless steel or fiberglass.
Hazardous Polymerization	Will not occur.
Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions.
Materials to Avoid	Strong alkalis and anionic wetting agents (e.g., alkyl and alkylaryl sulfonates). Corrosive to aluminum.
Hazardous Decomposition	Flammable hydrogen gas may be formed on contact with aluminum. See "Conditions to Avoid", Section 10. May decompose at high temperatures forming toxic gases.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute Toxicity/Irritation Studies (Finished Product)

Ingestion:	Rat (Female):	LD ₅₀ :	= 886 mg/kg body weight (Slightly Toxic)
Dermal:	Rat:	LD ₅₀ :	> 5,050 mg/kg body weight (Practically Non-Toxic)
Inhalation:	Rat:	LD ₅₀ :	= 0.62 mg/L air – 4 hours
Eye Contact:	Rabbit:	Mildly I	rritating
Skin Contact:	Rabbit:	Slightly	r Irritating
Skin Sensitization:	Guinea Pig:	Not a S	Sensitizer

Reproductive & Development Effects:

Diquat dibromide:	
Mutagenicity:	No evidence in in vivo assays
Developmental Toxicity:	In rabbit studies a small percentage of fetuses had minor defects at 3 and 10 mg ion/kg/d.

Chronic/Sub-Chronic Toxicity Studies:

Diquat dibromide:

Kidney weight decreases and cataracts seen in dogs at 12.5 mg ion/kg/d. No evidence for neurotoxic effects in rats dosed up to 400 ppm ion in the diet for 13 weeks.

Carcinogenicity:

Diquat dibromide:

No evidence of carcinogenicity in rat and mouse studies.



None

Toxicity of Other Components:

Not Applicable

Target Organs:

Diquat Dibromide: Eye, kidney Inert Ingredients: Not Applicable

Section 12. Ecological information

This pesticide is toxic to aquatic invertebrates. For Terrestrial Uses do not apply directly to water, or to areas where surface water is present, or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment wash waters. For Aquatic Uses do not apply directly to water except as specified on this label.

Summary of Effects

<u>Diquat dibromide</u>: Very toxic to aquatic organisms. May cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Eco-Acute Toxicity

<u>Diquat dibromide</u> :		
Fish (Rainbow Trout)	96-hour LC ₅₀	14.83ppm
Fish (Bluegill Sunfish)	96-hour LC50	13.9ppm
Bird (Mallard Duck)	Oral LD ₅₀	60.6 mg/kg
Bird (Mallard Duck)	8-day dietary LC ₅₀	5000ppm
Bee (Contact)	LD ₅₀	100ug/bee
Invertebrate (Water Flea)	48-hour EC50	0.77ppm
Green Algae	4-day EC ₅₀	9.4ppb

Eco-Chronic Toxicity

<u>Diquat dibromide:</u>		
Invertebrate (Water Flea)	21-day LOEC	0.17ppm
Bird (Mallard Duck)	Reproduction LOEL	25ppm
Fish (Fathead Minnow)	34-day LOEC	1.5ppm

Environmental Fate

<u>Diquat dibromide</u>: The information presented here is for the active ingredient, diquat dibromide. Stable in soil water. Immobile in soil. Sinks in water (after 24 hr).

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste Disposal:

Treatment, storage, transportation and disposal must be in accordance with applicable Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations. Do not flush to surface water or sanitary sewer system.

Disposal:

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage. Pesticide wastes are acutely hazardous. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal Law. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

Container Disposal:

Triple rinse containers. Puncture container to avoid re-use. Dispose of empty container in a sanitary landfill or by incineration, or, if allowed by State/Provincial and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

Section 14. Transport information

DOT CLASSIFICATION:

UN1760, Corrosive Liquid, N.O.S. (Diquat Dibromide), 8, PGIII

IMDG CLASSIFICATION:

UN1760, Corrosive Liquid, N.O.S. (Diquat Dibromide), 8, PGIII, EmS F-A, S-F, Stowage Category A

IATA CLASSIFICATION:

UN1760, Corrosive Liquid, N.O.S. (Diquat Dibromide), 8, PGIII, Packaging Instruction Y841

Section 15. Regulatory information

EPCRA SARA Title III Classification

Section 311/312 Hazard Classes: Acute Health Hazard Chronic Health Hazard Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: Not Applicable

California Proposition 65

None

CERCLA/SARA 302 Reportable Quantity (RQ)

Report product spills ≥ 268 gal. (based on diquat [RQ=1,000lbs] content in the formulation)

RCRA Hazardous Waste Classification (40 CFR 261)

Not Applicable

TSCA Status

Exempt from TSCA, subject to FIFRA

Section 16. Other information

NFPA 704 (National Fire Protection Association):

Health - 2Flammability - 1Reactivity - 0Others - none0 = minimal hazard, 1 = slight hazard, 2 = moderate hazard, 3 = severe hazard, 4 = extreme hazard

This information is provided in good faith but without express or implied warranty. The customer assumes all responsibility for safety and use not in accordance with label instructions.

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