SAFETY DATA SHEET



SePRO Total Pond - React®

Landscape and Aquatic Herbicide

Section 1. Identification

: SePRO Total Pond - React® **Product name**

Other means of identification: EPA Registration Number 67690-53

Supplier's details : SePRO Corporation

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Suite 600

Carmel, IN 46032 U.S.A. Tel: 317-580-8282 Toll free: 1-800-419-7779 Fax: 317-580-8290

Monday - Friday, 8am to 5pm E.S.T.

www.sepro.com

Emergency telephone : INFOTRAC - 24-hour service 1-800-535-5053

The following recommendations for exposure controls and personal protection are intended for the manufacture, formulation and packaging of this product. For applications and/or use, consult the product label. The label directions supersede the text of this Safety Data Sheet for application and/or use.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification: Eye Damage I

Skin irritation 2 Acute Tox. 3

Oral, Skin Sensitization I

Acute Tox. 2

Inhalation, STOT SE 3, STOT RE 1

Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 3

Hazard statement: Causes serious eye damage; Causes skin irritation; Toxic if swallowed; May cause an allergic

skin reaction; Fatal if inhaled; May cause respiratory irritation; Cause damage to organs

through prolonged or repeated exposure; Very toxic to aquatic life; Harmful to aquatic life with

long lasting effects

Signal Word: Danger

Hazard Pictograms:









Page 1 of 10



SePRO Total Pond - React

Precautionary statements: Wash face, hands and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Wear protective gloves/

protective clothing/ eye protection/face protection. Rinse mouth

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you feel unwell. Dispose of contents/

container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention

Specific treatment (Reference to supplemental first aid instruction on the label). Take off

contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing.

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/ spray.

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical

advice/attention.

IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

Store locked up. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Get medical advice/ attention if you feel unwell. Avoid accidental release to the environment. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Wear respiratory protection. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Specific treatment is urgent (see if immediate administration of antidote is required on this label). Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe dust/fume/ gas/mist/

vapors/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

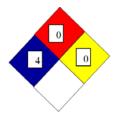
Hazard Ratings: NFPA

Health: 4
Flammability: 0
Reactivity: 0

Hazard Ratings: HMIS

Health: 4 Flammability: 0 Reactivity: 0





Routes of Entry: Ingestion, Inhalation, eye, and dermal contact.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

List of raw materials in the mixture with hazardous/non-hazardous additional

% Conc.CAS No.Substance Name91.42%85-00-7Diquat Concentrate8.58%7732-18-5Water

No major known impurity have Carcinogen, Mutagen & Reprotoxic (CMR) classification which can contribute to the Classification & Labelling of the chemical.



Section 4. First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

General information: Immediately remove any clothing soiled by the product. Symptoms of poisoning may even

occur after several hours; medical observation for at least 48 hrs after the accident is recommended. Remove breathing apparatus only after contaminated clothing have been completely removed. In case of irregular breathing or respiratory arrest provide artificial

respiration.

Inhalation: Remove source of contamination or move victim to fresh air. Keep victim warm and at rest.

Treat symptomatically and supportively. Obtain medical advice if necessary.

Skin contact: Remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods. Wash skin gently and thoroughly

with water and non-abrasive soap. Persons who become sensitized may require specialized

medical management with anti-inflammatory agents.

Eye contact: Immediately flu s h the eyes with gently flowing lukewarm water or saline solution for 20

minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Specialized ophthalmologic treatment

might be required.

Oral: Do not induce emesis. Seek medical advice.

Important Symptoms &

Effects: Possible symptoms are as per the hazard identified in section 2 of the SDS, known symptoms

being skin and eye irritation, causing redness and pain.

Immediate Medical Attention: Notes for the doctor: There is no specific antidote. Appropriate supportive and symptomatic

treatment as indicated by the patient's condition is recommended.

For 24-hour emergency assistance call INFOTRAC at 1-800-535-5053.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water, foam, carbon dioxide

Special hazards arising

from the chemical: Carbon oxides, Hydrogen chloride gas, nitrogen oxides (NOx)

Special protective equipment

and precautions for

firefighters: As in any fire, wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus with full

face piece operated in pressure-demand or other positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment: Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses, splash goggles or chemical safety goggles and

appropriate respiratory equipment. Wear impervious protective clothing, including boots,

gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls as appropriate to prevent skin contact.



SePRO Total Pond - React

Emergency procedures: Remove an incapacitated worker from further exposure. Keep Personal unconscious victims

warm and on their sides to avoid choking if vomiting occurs. Initiate precautions, the measures

/ procedures as mentioned in Section 4.

Removal of ignition sources: Disconnect electrical connection and all other sources of equipment and ignition.

Provision of sufficient

ventilation: Adequate ventilation should be provided when procedures accidental release occurs.

For emergency responders: Use personal protective equipment. Avoid breathing vapors, mist or gas. Ensure adequate

ventilation. Do not touch the spilled material. Avoid the spread of the spillage by using adsorbents, if this can be done without risks. Ground all equipment containing material.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Cleaning techniques: Control the spill at its source. Contain the spill to prevent from spreading or contaminating soil

or from entering sewage and drainage systems or any body of water. Clean up spills immediately. Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from

entering.

Vacuuming techniques: Sweep or vacuum up spillage and collect in suitable container for disposal

Equipment required for

containment/clean-up: Use approved industrial vacuum cleaner for removal. Shovel into suitable container for

disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations: Read label carefully before use. A void contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Avoid breathing

dust. Remove personal protective equipment (PPE) immediately after handling this product. Wash the outside of gloves before removing. As soon as possible, wash thoroughly and

change into clean clothing.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

How to manage risks

associated with storage: Store the material in a well-ventilated, secure area out of reach of children and domestic

animals. Do not store food, beverages or tobacco product in the storage area. Prevent eating,

drinking, tobacco use and cosmetic application in areas where there is a potential for

exposure to the including any material. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Other advice including: Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal. Store in cool place. Keep

container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Medium – AIR	
Specification – Work Place	
Country	Exposure limit description
Australia	Threshold limit value (TLV)
	Time-weighted average (TWA) = 0.5 mg/m3
	Short-term exposure limit (STEL) = 1 mg/m3

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Belgium	Threshold limit value (TLV)	
-	Time-weighted average (TWA) = 0.5 mg/m3	
	Short-term exposure limit (STEL) = 1 mg/m3	
Bulgaria	Maximum permissible concentration	
_	Time weighted average (TWA) = 0.5 mg/m3	
Finland	Threshold limit value (TLV)	
	Time-weighted average (TWA) = 0.5 mg/m3	
	Short-term exposure limit (STEL) = 1.5 mg/m3	
Switzerland	Maximum work-site concentration (MAK)	
	Time-weighted average (TWA) = 0.5 mg/m3	
USA (OSHA)	Permissible exposure limit (PEL)	
, , ,	Time-weighted average (TWA) = 0.5 mg/m3	
USA (ACGIH)	Threshold limit value (TLV)	
	Time-weighted average (TWA) = 0.5 mg/m3	
United Kingdom	Recommended limit (RECL)	
	8-h time-weighted average (TWA) = 0.5 mg/m3	
	Short-term exposure level (STEL) = 1 mg/m3	
	(10-min time-weighted average)	

Exposure Controls

Appropriate engineering controls:

A system of general or local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapors below their respective threshold limit value needs to be provided. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are proximal to the work-station location. Do not release to the atmosphere or water streams.

Individual protection measures:

Eye / face protection: Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses, splash goggles or chemical safety goggles and face

shield.

Skin protection: wear appropriate protective clothing like impervious lab coat, apron or coveralls.

Hand protection: Use compatible chemical / solvent resistant protective gloves made of

suitable materials like rubber, plastic, etc.

Other: Wear appropriate boots and other footwear.

Respiratory Protection: In case of a brief exposure or low pollution, use respiratory filter device. In case of intensive

or longer exposure, use self-contained respiratory protective device. Short term filter device: Filter AX. In case of emergency spills, use a NIOSH approved respirator with any N, R, P, or

HE filter.

General protective and hygienic measures:

Keep away from foodstuffs, beverages and feed.

Immediately remove all soiled and contaminated clothing.

Wash hands before breaks and at the end of work.

Store protective clothing separately.



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: Liquid Color: None

Auto-Ignition temperature: Not applicable

pH of liquid formulation: 4.5

Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water): 3.05

Boiling Point: > 200°C

Bulk Density:10.1 lb/gal at 240°CVapour pressure:1.67 mPa (25°C)Flammability (solid, gas):Not applicable

Explosion limits:

Lower: Not applicable **Upper:** Not applicable

Solubility (ies): (Water) 6.1 g/L (25°C)

Relative Density: 1.5 at 25°C

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Not known

Chemical stability Stable at normal temperature and pressure

Possibility of hazardous

reactions No information known

Conditions to avoid Not known

Incompatible materials: It poses a fire and explosion hazard in the presence of strong oxidizers

Hazardous decomposition

products: Thermal decomposition of diquat dibromide will release toxic oxides of nitrogen and carbon

and toxic and corrosive fumes of bromides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity: Acute oral toxicity 4

Acute inhalation toxicity 2 Irritant to skin in category 2

Skin corrosion/irritation: Serious eye damage

/ irritation: Eye irritant in category 2

Respiratory or

skin sensitization: Skin sensitizing in category 1

Carcinogenicity: No known evidence Reproductive toxicity: No known evidence

STOT - single exposure: STOT SE 1 STOT- repeated exposure: STOT RE 1



SePRO Total Pond - React

Numerical measures of toxicity (such as acute toxicity estimates)

Oral LD50 120 mg/kg in rats

233 mg/ kg in mice 188 mg/ kg in rabbits.

Inhalation: Inhalation of diquat dibromide may cause coughing and sore throat. Exposing the skin and

eyes may cause redness and pain.

Neurotoxicity: No evidence for neurotoxic effects in rats dosed up to 400 ppm ion in the diet for 13 weeks.;

but symptoms of headache; confusion, excitement, mania, disorientation, emotional ability; Depression, stupor, coma, respiratory failure, often without convulsions. Intense nausea,

vomiting and diarrhea may occur.

Reproductive Effects: Mutagenicity: No evidence in the in vivo assays; Rats receiving 25 mg/kg decreased their food

intake and showed slowed growth, but had unchanged reproduction.

Development Toxicity: In rabbit studies, a small percentage of fetuses had minor defects at 3 and 10 mg ion/kg/d

Chronic/Subchronic

Toxicity Studies: Kidney weight decreases and cataracts seen in dogs at 12.5 mg ion/kg/d

Eye irritation: Cataracts, a clouding of the eyes which interferes with light entering the eye, occurred in rats

and dogs given 2 .5 mg/kg and 5 mg/kg of diquat dibromide, respectively.

Skin irritation: The effects of repeated, or prolonged, dermal contact with diquat dibromide range from

inflammation of the skin, to general bodily ('systemic') poisoning, as evidenced by injury to internal organs, primarily the kidneys. Repeated applications of 42 mg/kg of diquat dibromide killed four out of six rabbits tested. While rats fed 50 mg/kg of diquat dibromide for two years

did not die from testing, their food intake and growth was decreased.

STOT RE: Repeated inhalation exposure of rats to 1.9 mg/m³ caused inflammatory changes in

connective tissues, damage to the kidneys and heart, abnormal levels of several liver enzymes, low white blood cell counts, high red blood cell counts, and depressed

cholinesterase activity.

Chemical if, listed in NTP or IARC or by OSHA as Carcinogens

Diquat dibromide is not classified as a tumor-causing chemical. An 80-week feeding study showed that dietary doses of 15 mg/kg/day of diquat dibromide did not cause tumors in rats.

Likewise, dietary levels of 36 mg/kg/day for two years did not induce tumors in rats.

Other Information Product shows following danger according to internally approved calculation methods for

preparation:

Very Toxic

Dangerous for the environment

Section 12. Ecological information

Eco - Toxicity

Freshwater Algae Data: 96 Hr EC50 Selenastrum capricornutum = 0.011 mg/L

Water Flea Data: 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna = 1.2 mg/L

Rainbow Trout 96-hour LC50 = 21 mg/L Mirror Carp 96 hours LC50 = 67 mg/L



Persistence and Degradability

Probability of Rapid Biodegradation (BIOWIN v4.10):

Biowin I (Linear Model Prediction): Biodegrades Fast

Biowin2 (Non-Linear Mod el Prediction): Does Not Biodegrade Fast Biowin3 (Ultimate Biodegradation Timeframe): Weeks-Months Biowin4 (Primary Biodegradation Timeframe): Days-Weeks

Biowin5 (MITI Linear Model Prediction): Does Not Biodegrade Fast Biowin6 (MITI Non-Linear Model Prediction): Does Not Biodegrade Fast Biowin7 (Anaerobic Model Prediction): Does Not Biodegrade Fast

Ready Biodegradability Prediction: NO

Ready Biodegradability Prediction: Does Not Biodegrade Fast

Bioaccumulative Potential

Summary Results: Log BCF (regression-based estimate): 0.50 (BCF = 3.16 L/kg wet-wt)

Biotransformation Half-Life (days): 0.0076 (normalized to 10 g fish) Log BAF (Arnot-Gobas upper trophic): -0.05 (BAF = 0.893 L/kg wet-wt)

Environmental Fate (Exposure)

Persistence: Typical half-life is I 000 d. Diquat dibromide is highly persistent due to strong binding to clay

and unavailability to microbes. Diquat dibromide in soil is not taken up by plants, so any crop

can be seeded at any time after application.

Mobility: Immobile in soil (Diquat)

Level III Fugacity Model:

	Mass Amount (%)	Half-Life (hr)	Emissions (kg/hr)
Air	1.05e-005	11	1000
Water	10.3	900	1000
Soil	84.1	1.8e+003	1000
Sediment	5.57	8.1e+004	0

Persistence Time: 1.95e+003 hr Reaction Time: 2.45e+003 hr Advection Time: 9.56e+003 hr

Percent Reacted: 79 .6 Percent Advected: 20.4

Other adverse effects: This product is not a PBT chemical

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Waste treatment containers and methods

Waste Disposal Method: Product disposal- Pesticide wastes may be acutely hazardous. Improper disposal is a violation

of federal law. Pesticide, mixtures, or equipment rinse water that cannot be chemically reprocessed must be disposed of according to applicable federal, state or local regulations. Contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency or the Hazardous Waste

representative at the nearest EPA Regional office for guidance.

Container disposal: Dispose of product containers, waste containers, and residues according to label instructions

and local, state, and federal health and environmental regulations.

Sewage disposal: Sewage disposal shall be discouraged.



SePRO Total Pond - React

Additional Information: RCRA HAZARD CLASS: Under RCRA, it is the responsibility of the product user to determine

at the time of disposal, whether a material containing the product or derived from the product

should be classified as a hazardous waste.

Section 14. Transport information

UN Number: UN3082





UN proper shipping name: ADR: 3082 - Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid toxic, n.o.s (diquat dibromide),

DOT: Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid toxic, n.o.s (diquat dibromide)

IMDG: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S (diquat

dibromide), MARINE POLLUTANT

IATA: ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID TOXIC, N.O.S (diquat

dibromide)

Transport hazard class(es): 9 Miscellaneous dangerous substance and articles

Packing group: III

Environmental hazards

(e.g., Marine pollutant): Yes

Special precautions for user: Warning: Miscellaneous dangerous substance and articles

Danger code (kemler): 90
EMS number: F-A. S-F

Quantity specification: Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC code: Not applicable

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation

Hazard statements: Harmful if inhaled. Harmful if swallowed. Causes moderate eye irritation.

Signal word CAUTION

Precautionary statements: Avoid breathing spray mist. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing

Other regulations: Listed /not listed within

the following regulation CERCLA/SARA 302 Reportable Quantity (RQ) Report product spills>= 250 gal. (based on

diquat [RQ = I,000 lbs.] content in the formulation)

Sara- section 355 (extremely hazardous substance): Not listed



SePRO Total Pond - React

TSCA (TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT) -listed

EU CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 -listed

Proposition 65 (chemical known to cause cancer): Not listed

Proposition 65 (chemical known to cause reproductive toxicity for females/ males): Not listed

U.S. EPA Carcinogens - Unlikely

TLV: ACGIH: listed

NIOSH - Ca (National Institute of Occupational Health and Safety): Not listed OSHA - Ca (Occupational Health and Safety Administration): Not listed

Section 16. Other information

Date of Issue: 08 June 2016

Abbreviations and acronyms:

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

GHS: Globally harmonized system on classification and labelling

TWA: Time Weighted Average
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
PEL: Permissible Exposure Limits

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

TLV: Threshold Limit Value MARPOL: Marine pollution

IBC Code: International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships carrying Dangerous

Chemicals in Bulk

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

NTP: National Toxicology Program

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

LC50: Lethal concentration, 50 percent

LD50: Lethal dose, 50 percent

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods IATA: International Air

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